

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

Page 1 of 2

Borehole 41-13-10

Log Event A

Borehole Information

N-Coord: 35,177 W-Coord: 75,705 TOC Elevation: 663.03

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : 10/6/1958

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{100}$

Equipment Information

Logging System : $\underline{2}$ Detector Type : \underline{HPGe} Detector Efficiency: $\underline{35.0 \%}$

Calibration Date : 03/1995 Calibration Reference : GJPO-HAN-1

Logging Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 7/12/1995 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{97.5}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

Page 2 of 2

Borehole 41-13-10

Log Event A

Analysis Information

Analyst: S.E. Kos

Data Processing Reference : <u>Data Analysis Manual Ver. 1</u> Analysis Date : <u>12/4/1995</u>

Analysis Notes:

This borehole was logged in one log run. The pre- and post -field verification spectra indicated that the logging system was operating properly during data collection. The energy/channel drift that occurred during the logging runs was minimal, and multiple energy calibrations of the log spectra were not necessary.

The casing thickness is 1/4 in.(0.250 in.), and a correction for 0.250-in.-thick casing was applied to the data. The borehole was dry and no water correction was required.

The only man-made radionuclide identified was Cs-137. This contaminant occurred from the surface to a depth of 2 ft.

Details regarding the interpretation of the data for this borehole are presented in the Tank Summary Data Report for tank SX-113.

Log Plot Notes:

Three log plots are provided. The Cs-137 activity is plotted on a separate plot to provide details of activity and distribution.

The natural gamma-ray logs show the activities of the naturally occurring radionuclides potassium (K-40), uranium (U-238), and thorium (Th-232). The KUT plot is provided to allow correlation of lithologic features between boreholes. The KUT activities observed in this borehole are typical for Hanford Site sediments.

A combination plot incorporates the Cs-137 and KUT log data with the total gamma-ray count rate derived from the spectral gamma-ray data and the gross gamma-ray data acquired with the WHC Tank Farm gross gamma-ray logging systems. This plot allows correlation of the Cs-137 contamination zones with lithologic features and with the gross gamma-ray historic record.

The statistical uncertainty in a measurement is represented on the log plots by uncertainty bars where appropriate. This uncertainty is reported at the 95-percent confidence interval. The minimum detectable activity (MDA) of a radionuclide represents the lowest activity at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible. The MDA values are indicated on the log plots by open circles. If the reported activity is slightly above the MDA, the 95-percent confidence interval may extend below the MDA value and the measurement cannot be stated with 95-percent confidence.

The Tank Farm gross gamma-ray plot is produced from the most recent data available from WHC. No corrections other than scale adjustments for plotting have been made to the data.